



**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d.**

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE PERIOD**

**JANUARY - DECEMBER 2016**

Pula, April 2017

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with Auditor's report for the period January – December 2016

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the proposal on profit distribution



**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D.  
PULA**

**Audited annual financial statements  
for the year ended 31 December 2016**



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## RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management of the Company is responsible for ensuring that the 2016 financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Croatian Accounting Law and International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS'), as adopted by the European Union, which give a true and fair view of the financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for that period.

After making enquiries, the Board has a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Management has adopted the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements of the Company.

In the course of preparing of these financial statements, the responsibilities of the Management include ensuring that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and then applied consistently;
- judgments and estimates are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable accounting standards are followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- the financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis unless such assumption is not appropriate.

The Management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position and results of operations of the Company and must also ensure that the financial statements comply with the Croatian Accounting Law and International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. The Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the Management by:

Dragutin Pavletić, director

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d.

Carrarina 6  
52100 Pula

Pula, 31 March 2017



Revizija i konzalting d.o.o.

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

### **Auditor's report on the annual financial statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annual financial statements of the company ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. Pula (Company) which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the related income statement with comprehensive income, cash flow statement, statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the attached financial statements present a *true and fair account* of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016, its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Act and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Accounting Act, the Audit Act and the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent from the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

#### **Other Information in the Annual Report**

The management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information comprised in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information except to the extent expressly provided in the *Report on Other Legal Requirements* section of our report, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based upon the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material

misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Responsibilities of the Management and Those Who Are Responsible for the Management for the Financial Statements**

The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with IFRS and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to the going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those who are responsible for the management are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud and error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our independent auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures, are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit

evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those who are responsible for the management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those responsible for the management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and that we shall communicate with them regarding all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Among the matters about which we communicate with those responsible for the management we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our independent auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal Requirements**

1. In our opinion, based on the work we have performed during the audit, the information in the attached report of the Company management for the year 2016 complies with the attached annual financial statements of the Company for the year 2016.
2. In our opinion, based on the work we have performed during the audit, the attached report of the Company management for the year 2016 is made in accordance with the Accounting Act.
3. On the basis of the knowledge and understanding of the Company's operations and its environment obtained during the audit, we found no material misstatements in the report of the Company management.
4. In our opinion, based on the work we have performed during the audit, the *Statement of Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code*, included in the Company's annual report for 2016, complies with the requirements of Article 22, points 3 and 4 of the Accounting Act.
5. *The Statement of Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code* included in the Company's annual report for 2016, includes information from Article 22, points 1, 2, 5 and 6 of the Accounting Act.

**Revidas, revizija i konzalting, d.o.o.**  
Vukovarska 47  
Pula

For and on behalf of Revidas d.o.o.:

  
**Sonja Košara**  
procurator



**Pula, 31 March 2017**

  
**Sonja Košara**  
certified auditor



ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

**INCOME STATEMENT WITH COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

(in HRK)	Notes	2016	2015
Sales	3	20,330,775	23,626,342
Other operating income	4	904,462	484,958
<b>Operating income</b>		<b>21,235,237</b>	<b>24,111,300</b>
<i>Cost of raw material and supplies</i>		<i>(266,178)</i>	<i>(274,994)</i>
<i>Other external costs</i>		<i>(793,326)</i>	<i>(569,090)</i>
<b>Material costs</b>	5	<b>(1,059,504)</b>	<b>(844,084)</b>
<i>Staff costs</i>	6	<i>(9,959,402)</i>	<i>(10,386,023)</i>
<i>Depreciation</i>	7	<i>(97,814)</i>	<i>(137,867)</i>
<i>Other operating expenses</i>	8	<i>(3,296,202)</i>	<i>(3,982,583)</i>
<b>Operating expenses</b>		<b>(14,412,922)</b>	<b>(15,350,557)</b>
<b>Financial income</b>	9	<b>49,341,828</b>	<b>32,192,516</b>
<b>Financial expenses</b>	10	<b>(47,596,650)</b>	<b>(17,411,557)</b>
<b>TOTAL INCOME</b>		<b>70,577,065</b>	<b>56,303,816</b>
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>		<b>(62,009,572)</b>	<b>(32,762,114)</b>
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION</b>		<b>8,567,493</b>	<b>23,541,702</b>
Income tax expense	11	-	(22,768)
Tonnage tax	12	(309,926)	(309,926)
<b>PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD</b>		<b>8,257,567</b>	<b>23,209,008</b>
Gain /(Loss) from revaluation of financial assets		414,240	(96,000)
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		15,251,791	59,518,877
		15,666,031	59,422,877
<b>Income tax on other comprehensive income</b>		<b>(3,133,206)</b>	<b>(11,884,575)</b>
<b>Net other comprehensive income</b>		<b>12,532,825</b>	<b>47,538,302</b>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD</b>		<b>20,790,392</b>	<b>70,747,310</b>

Signed on behalf of the Management:

Dragutin Pavletić, director

Pula, 31 March 2017

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA, D.D. PULA**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

(in HRK)	Notes	2016	2015
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Concessions, patents, licences, trade and service marks, software and other rights		-	-
<b>Intangible assets</b>	14	-	-
Land		121,829	121,829
Buildings		2,884,388	2,935,036
Other plant and equipment		105,890	126,140
<b>Tangible assets</b>	15	<b>3,112,107</b>	<b>3,183,005</b>
<b>Long-term financial assets</b>	16	<b>899,659,030</b>	<b>611,736,242</b>
Other receivables		10,325,636	10,750,405
<b>Long-term receivables</b>	17	<b>10,325,636</b>	<b>10,750,405</b>
<b>LONG TERM ASSETS</b>		<b>913,096,773</b>	<b>625,669,652</b>
Receivables from related companies	18	102,017,658	97,924,601
Trade receivables	19	25,869,121	32,393,900
Amounts due from the state and other institutions	20	155,335	111,108
Other receivables	21	497,887	420,854
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>128,540,001</b>	<b>130,850,463</b>
<b>Short-term financial assets</b>	22	<b>92,421,477</b>	<b>73,814,796</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	23	<b>26,986</b>	<b>67,658</b>
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>220,988,464</b>	<b>204,732,917</b>
<b>Prepaid expenses and accrued income</b>		<b>6,192</b>	<b>11,741</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>1,134,091,429</b>	<b>830,414,310</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA, D.D. PULA**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

(in HRK)	Notes	2016	2015
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
Share capital	24	232,000,000	232,000,000
Capital reserves	25	(21,979,230)	(21,677,477)
Legal reserves	26	18,666,126	17,505,676
Reserves for Treasury shares	27	36,382,812	36,382,812
Treasury shares	28	(13,348,739)	(13,764,816)
Revaluation reserves	29	166,964,163	151,298,132
Retained profit	30	232,811,838	210,763,280
Profit for the year	31	8,257,567	23,209,008
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>		<b>659,754,537</b>	<b>635,716,615</b>
Provisions for retirement costs, severance pays and similar liabilities	32	1,794,717	1,855,361
<b>LONG-TERM PROVISIONS</b>		<b>1,794,717</b>	<b>1,855,361</b>
Borrowings, deposits etc. within the Group	33	25,089,876	-
Amounts due to banks and other financial institutions	34	377,533,701	93,241,491
<b>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</b>		<b>402,623,577</b>	<b>93,241,491</b>
Short-term loans, deposits, etc.	35	3,897,631	57,960,521
Amounts due to banks and other financial institutions	36	55,095,268	33,788,066
Advances received		138,844	138,844
Trade payables	37	307,380	596,517
Amounts due to employees	38	2,490,288	2,431,302
Taxes, contributions and other duties payable	39	4,687	-
Dividends payable	40	2,528,594	2,534,798
Other short-term liabilities	41	5,453,173	1,802,642
<b>SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES</b>		<b>69,915,865</b>	<b>99,252,690</b>
<b>Accrued expenses and deferred income</b>		<b>2,733</b>	<b>348,153</b>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>1,134,091,429</b>	<b>830,414,310</b>

**Signed on behalf of the Management:**

Dragutin Pavletić, director

Pula, 31 March 2017

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHARHOLDER'S EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(in HRK)	Share capital	Capital reserves	Legal reserves	Reserves for treasury shares				Retained profit	Current year profit	Total
				Treasury shares	Revaluation reserves	Treasury shares	Treasury shares			
<b>At 31 December 2014</b>	<b>232,000,000</b>	<b>(20,477,001)</b>	<b>16,592,866</b>	<b>36,382,812</b>	<b>(15,022,426)</b>	<b>91,875,255</b>	<b>189,346,067</b>	<b>22,330,023</b>	<b>553,027,596</b>	
Allocation of profit from 2014	-	-	912,810	-	-	-	21,417,213	(22,330,023)	-	
Reconciliation of securities at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	59,518,877	-	-	59,518,877	
Value adjustment of the investments	-	-	-	-	-	(96,000)	-	-	(96,000)	
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	(773,277)	-	-	-	(773,277)	
Sale of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	2,030,887	-	-	-	2,030,887	
Capital loss	-	(1,200,476)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,200,476)	
Profit for 2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,209,008	23,209,008	
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>232,000,000</b>	<b>(21,677,477)</b>	<b>17,505,676</b>	<b>36,382,812</b>	<b>(13,764,816)</b>	<b>151,298,132</b>	<b>210,763,280</b>	<b>23,209,008</b>	<b>635,716,615</b>	
Allocation of profit from 2015	-	-	1,160,450	-	-	-	22,048,558	(23,209,008)	-	
Reconciliation of securities at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	414,240	-	-	414,240	
Value adjustment of the investments	-	-	-	-	-	15,251,791	-	-	15,251,791	
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	(84,024)	-	-	-	(84,024)	
Sale of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	500,101	-	-	-	500,101	
Capital loss	-	(301,753)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(301,753)	
Profit for 2016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,257,567	8,257,567	
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>	<b>232,000,000</b>	<b>(21,979,230)</b>	<b>18,666,126</b>	<b>36,382,812</b>	<b>(13,348,739)</b>	<b>166,964,163</b>	<b>232,811,838</b>	<b>8,257,567</b>	<b>659,754,537</b>	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

(in HRK)	2016	2015
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Profit before tax	8,567,493	23,541,702
Depreciation	97,814	137,867
Increase in current liabilities	3,418,863	-
Decrease in current receivables	2,310,462	-
Other increases in cash	5,760	432,881
<b>Total increase in cash from operating activities</b>	<b>14,400,392</b>	<b>24,112,450</b>
Decrease in current liabilities	-	(1,004,162)
Increase in short-term receivables	-	(10,792,131)
Other decreases in cash	(715,990)	(339,485)
<b>Total decrease in cash from operating activities</b>	<b>(715,990)</b>	<b>(12,135,778)</b>
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>13,684,402</b>	<b>11,976,672</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Cash paid for purchases of tangible and intangible assets	(27,127)	(48,643)
<b>Total cash expenses from investing activities</b>	<b>(27,127)</b>	<b>(48,643)</b>
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(27,127)</b>	<b>(48,643)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Cash receipts from the loan principal, debentures, advances and other loans	295,406,152	4,280,179
Other cash receipts from financial activities	114,324	57,134
<b>Total cash receipts from financial activities</b>	<b>295,520,476</b>	<b>4,337,313</b>
Cash expenses for the repayment of loan principal and bonds	(23,248,294)	(9,824,894)
Other cash expenses from financial activities	(285,970,129)	(6,400,661)
<b>Total cash expenses from financial activities</b>	<b>(309,218,423)</b>	<b>(16,225,555)</b>
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(13,697,947)</b>	<b>(11,882,242)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	67,658	27,871
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	39,787
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(40,672)	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	26,986	67,658

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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#### 1. GENERAL

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA, maritime transport d.d. Pula (the Company), is incorporated in Croatia. The Company is registered at the Commercial Court in Pazin.

Based on the classification of enterprises according to the National Classification of Activities, issued by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics, Zagreb, the Company was allocated the class number 5020 - Coastal and maritime transport, the registration number of the business entity is 03292754 and the Personal Identification Number (OIB) is 49693360447.

The major part of the Company's operations is conducted through its subsidiary UNITED SHIPPING SERVICES ONE INC., registered in Liberia, pursuant to the applicable management contract concluded with its subsidiaries Uljanik Shipmanagement Pte. Ltd. and Uljanik Tanker Management Pte. Ltd. in Singapore. The subsidiary UNITED SHIPPING SERVICES ONE INC., and its subsidiaries United United Shipping Services Three Inc., United Shipping Services Ten Inc., United Shipping Services Eleven Inc., United Shipping Services Twelve Inc., United Shipping Services Thirteen Inc., United Shipping Services Fourteen Inc., United Shipping Services Seventeen Inc., Uljanik Shipmanagement Pte. Ltd and Uljanik Tanker Management Pte. Ltd., constitute the Group UNITED SHIPPING SERVICES ONE.

At the beginning of 2017, two companies from Singapore, Uljanik Tanker management Pte.Ltd. and Uljanik Shipmanagement Pte. Ltd, were merged (Note 46 „Events after the balance sheet date“).

Uljanik Plovidba d.d. Pula owns 100% of shares in the company REAL d.o.o., Pula.

The ownership structure as at 31 December 2016 is shown in Note 24.

The registered office of the Company is in Pula, Carrarina 6, Croatia.

The principal activities of the Company are international maritime transport, services within maritime transport and travel agency services.

As at 31 December 2016 the number of staff employed by ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. Pula was 33 (2015: 34).

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Company's shares are listed as public stock companies on the Zagreb stock Exchange.

The joint stock company has the General Assembly, the Supervisory Board and Management Board.

Members of the Management Board: Dragutin Pavletić, director  
Members of Supervisory Board: Amra Pende, president  
Anton Brajković and Robert Banko, members.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Set out below are the principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements. The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all the periods covered by the financial statements.

**2.1. Compliance Statement**

The financial statements of the Company have been made in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.

**Standards, amendments and supplements issued by the IASB and adopted by the European Union that have entered into force:**

- Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2016 or later).
- Amendments to IFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2016 or later).
- Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41: Bearer Plants (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2016 or later).
- Amendments to IAS 1: Disclosure Initiative (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2016 or later).
- Amendments to IAS 27: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2016 or later).
- IFRS - Annual Improvements cycle 2012.-2014 (IFRS 5, IFRS 7, IAS 10 and IAS 34) - according to the IASB, effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2016 or later

The adoption of the listed amendments and supplements to existing standards and interpretations has not led to any changes in the accounting policies of the entity or has it affected the Company's profit in the current and previous year.

**Standards, interpretations and supplements that have not yet come into effect and that were not previously applied**

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the following interpretations and standards were published that have not yet come into force and have not been previously applied by the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

- IFRS 9 – Financial instruments (the new standard effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2018 or later).
- IFRS 14 – Regulatory Deferral Accounts (The EC has decided not to launch the endorsement process of this standard and to wait for the final standard).
- IFRS 16 – Leases Accounts (the new standard effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2019 or later).
- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture - postponed

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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- Amendments to IAS 12 – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2017 or later).
- Amendments to IAS 7 – Disclosure Initiative (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2017 or later).
- Clarifications to IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2018 or later).
- Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2018 or later).
- Amendments to IFRS 4: Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2018 or later).
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014-2016 Cycle (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2017 or later).
- IFRIC Interpretation 22 – Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2018 or later).
- Amendments to IAS 40 – Transfers of Investment Property (effective for periods beginning on 1 January 2018 or later).

The Management anticipates that all of the above-mentioned standards and interpretations will be applied in the financial statements of the Company when they come into force, and that their adoption will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period in which they will be applied.

## **2.2. Basis of preparation**

The financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting whereby the effects of transactions and other events are recognized when they occur and they are reported in the financial statements of the period to which they relate, and on the going concern assumption.

The financial statements of the ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. Pula have been prepared under the historical cost (purchase cost) method, except for financial assets available for sale which are stated at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires that the Management of the company make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Company and the disclosure of potential liabilities of the Company. The estimates and the associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the given circumstances, the result of which forms the basis for making estimates of the value of assets and liabilities, which cannot be obtained from other sources. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

The estimates used in preparing of the financial statements are subject to change as new events occur, additional experience is gained, new information and knowledge are obtained and as the environment in which the Company operates changes.



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AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**2.3. Non-consolidation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a non-consolidated basis.

**2.4. Reporting currency**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in Croatian kuna, which is the measurement i.e. reporting currency of the Company.

**2.5. Revenue recognition**

Revenue comprises the fair value of completed and billed services in the course of ordinary business. Revenue is stated at invoiced amounts net of value-added tax and any recognised discounts.

**2.6. Recognition of expenses**

Operating expenses are stated as at the date of received invoices or at the date of prepared calculations.

They include material costs, staff costs, depreciation, other expenses, impairment of current assets (receivables), provisions and other operating expenses.

**2.7. Financial income and expenses**

Financial income consists of accrued interest on loans which is determined by using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains. Dividend income is recognized in the income statement as of the date on which the dividend is received.

Financial expenses comprise interest on borrowings and credits received determined using the effective interest method, foreign exchange losses, as well as losses on impairment and disposal of financial assets.

**2.8. Transactions in foreign currencies**

Transactions in currencies other than Croatian kuna are initially recorded at mean exchange rates of the Croatian National Bank ('the CNB') prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets, receivables and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at mean exchange rates of the CNB prevailing on the balance sheet date. Profits and losses arising on exchange are included in the income statement for the year. Exchange differences arising from the translation of net investments in foreign entities are recognized in equity as revaluation reserves. When a foreign entity is sold, foreign exchange differences are recognized in the income statement.

At 31 December 2016 the official exchange rate for the Croatian kuna was 7.564 HRK for 1 euro (at 31 December 2015 it was 7.64 HRK) and 7.17 HRK for 1 USD (at 31 December 2015 it was 6.99 HRK).

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**2.9. Income tax and tonnage tax**

Income tax is determined on the basis of income reported in accordance with Croatian laws and regulations.

Income tax represents current and deferred taxes and is reported in the income statement.

Income tax liability for the current year is determined on the basis of the result for that year, adjusted for prescribed items of permanent adjustment (income from dividends, a share in the profit and non-deductible expenses) in accordance with national regulations in individual countries in which the subsidiaries operate. Income tax is calculated by the application of tax rates valid on the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities arise from temporary differences between the value of the assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements and the values reported for the purpose of determining of the profit tax base. Deferred tax assets are recognized if there is a probability that taxable profit will be realized in the future on the basis of which the deferred tax assets will be utilized. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liability are calculated by applying the income tax rate applicable to future periods when such assets or liability will be realized.

In accordance with the provisions of the Maritime Act and by fulfilling the conditions laid down in it, starting from the year 2014, the Company calculates and pays the tonnage tax for the maritime activities based on the Decision issued by the Croatian Ministry of Finance

**2.10. Intangible assets**

Intangible assets relate to IT programs-software licenses that are capitalized on the basis of the cost of acquisition and costs incurred in bringing of the same into working condition. These costs are amortized over their useful lives over a period of two years.

**2.11. Property, plant and equipment**

Items of property, plant and equipment are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes costs directly attributable to bringing an asset in a condition for its intended use. Subsequent improvements are capitalized or, if required, recognized as a separate asset only if future economic benefits will flow to the Company and if the cost of such asset can be measured reliably. All other improvements and maintenance costs are recognized in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Maintenance and repairs, replacements and improvements of minor importance are expensed as incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard performance, the expenditures are capitalized i.e. added to the carrying amount of the asset.

Fittings and equipment are classified as non-current assets if their individual useful lives are over one year and individual cost exceeds HRK 3,500.

Property, plant and equipment include land, building, office equipment and furniture.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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Depreciation of property, vessels, plant and equipment commences when the assets are put in use. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis so as to allocate the cost of an asset over its estimated useful life. Depreciation is provided for each asset until it is written-off or until it reaches its residual value, if material.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	100 years
Machinery and equipment	10-28 years
Inventory and accessories	2-10 years

Land is not depreciated because it is considered to have unlimited useful life.

Gains and losses on disposal of assets are determined by comparing of the income and the carrying amounts of assets and are captured under "Other net gains/(losses)" in the income statement.

**2.12. Investments into subsidiaries and associated companies**

*a) Investments into subsidiaries*

Subsidiaries are companies whose operations are directly or indirectly controlled by the Company. Control is achieved if the Company manages the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Investments in subsidiaries are reported by use of the cost method, except for investments abroad that are revalued at the mean rate of the Croatian National Bank on the balance sheet date. Changes are recognized in equity (unrealized gains/losses). Income from shares in subsidiaries is recognized in the period in which transfer of profit occurs, in accordance with the Decision of the owner.

*b) Investments into associated companies*

Associated companies are entities over which the Company has significant influence but does not have control (generally investments with an ownership portion in the amount of 20% to 50% in the share capital). Significant influence signifies the power to participate in decisions about financial and operating policies of the entity into which the investment was made, but does not signify control or joint control over such policies. Investments into associated companies are reported by use of the cost method.

**2.13. Financial assets**

Investments are classified into the following categories: held-to-maturity, held for trading and available for sale investments.

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity in respect of which the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to until maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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Investments acquired primarily for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price are classified as held-for-trading. All other investments, other than loans and receivables originating from the Company, are classified as available for sale.

Financial instruments included in assets available for sale include debt and equity securities. After initial recognition these instruments (investment cost plus transaction expenses) are recorded at fair value. Fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is determined on the reporting date in relation to quoted market prices.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market, if possible, is determined using appropriate assessment techniques.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of financial assets available for sale are recognized directly in equity until the moment of sale or decrease, when the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in equity are included in the profit or loss account for the period.

Dividends from securities classified as available for sale are recorded when their payment is received or when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

Financial assets are derecognised when cash is collected or the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired.

#### **2.14. Impairment of financial assets**

At each balance sheet date the parent Company and related companies assesses whether there is objective evidence of impairment of the financial assets or groups of financial assets. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is considered impaired only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and if the loss affects the estimated future cash flows from the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtor or group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulties, omissions or errors in the payment of interest or principal, credibility of bankruptcy or other financial reorganizations and when observable data indicates that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as previous variations or economic conditions related to such failures.

#### **2.15. Trade receivables**

Trade and other receivables are initially carried at fair value and are subsequently measured at cost, less any impairment losses. Receivables are impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of an asset that have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset that can be reliably estimated. At each balance sheet date the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that an account receivable is impaired. At each balance sheet date, receivables are subject to an individual review to determine whether there is objective evidence that a trade receivable account might be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the carrying amount of the account receivable is reduced directly or through a separate allowance account. The related impairment loss is charged in the income statement for the year.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**2.16. Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and balances with banks, as well as other high liquid instruments with maturities of up to three months.

**2.17. Share capital**

Share capital consists of ordinary shares. Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a decrease in equity.

The amount paid for the shares, including directly attributable costs, is recognized as a decrease in equity and reserves. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and represent a deduction from total equity and reserves.

**2.18. Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value of cash received. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the cash received and the redemption value is recognized in the profit and loss account over the period, using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of assets or assets under construction are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liabilities for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

**2.19. Government grants**

Government grants related to assets of the subsidiaries (vessels) are recorded as deferred income and recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs on a systematic basis.

**2.20. Employee benefits**

***(a) Retirement benefits***

In the normal course of business, the Company makes contributions on behalf of its employees who are members of mandatory pension funds, in accordance with applicable law. The mandatory pension contributions to the funds are included in the salary cost when they are calculated. The Company has no obligation to provide any post-retirement benefits to its employees.

***b) Other long-term employee benefits***

Other long-term employee benefits include jubilee-awards and termination benefits which fall due later than 12 months after the balance sheet date.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**2.21. Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Provisions are determined at the present value of costs expected to be incurred to settle an obligation that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the obligation.

Provisions are reconsidered at each reporting date and adjusted according to the latest best estimates.

**2.22. Dividend distribution**

Liabilities in respect of dividends payable to the shareholders are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the General Assembly of Shareholders.

**2.23. Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

**2.24. Comparative amounts**

Comparative information has been reclassified, where necessary, to achieve consistency in disclosure of information with data for the current financial year and other data.

**2.25. Events after the balance sheet date**

Events after the balance sheet date that relate to the financial position of the Company are those favourable and unfavourable events that occurred after the date of the balance sheet, but prior to the date that the financial statements were approved for issue. The Company adjusts the amounts recognized in its financial statements for events that occurred after the balance sheet date that relate to its financial position that require harmonization.

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

3. REVENUES

(in HRK)	2016	2015
Domestic revenue	421,348	374,144
Foreign revenue within the Group	15,725,827	20,287,742
Revenue from management services provided to third parties	4,182,667	2,963,425
Other	933	1,031
	<u>20,330,775</u>	<u>23,626,342</u>

4. OTHER OPERATING REVENUES

(in HRK)	2016	2015
Income from reversal of provisions (Note 32)	60,644	141,325
Government grants	159,724	253,717
Other revenues /i/	684,094	89,916
	<u>904,462</u>	<u>484,958</u>

/i/ Other revenues include revenues from collected claims for damages based on the court rulings in the amount of HRK 572,244, and other revenues in the amount of HRK 111,850.

5. COST OF MATERIAL AND SERVICES

(in HRK)	2016	2015
Raw materials and supplies	89,041	95,040
Energy	157,613	110,570
Spare parts and small inventory	19,524	69,384
<b>Raw materials and supplies</b>	<u>266,178</u>	<u>274,994</u>
Transport, telephone, postage	301,110	284,769
Repairs and maintenance	180,263	137,859
Rental costs - lease	260,143	103,139
Promotion costs	15,511	13,219
Municipal services	24,110	23,788
Other	12,189	6,316
<b>Other external services</b>	<u>793,326</u>	<u>569,090</u>
	<u>1,059,504</u>	<u>844,084</u>

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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6. STAFF COSTS

(in HRK)	2016	2015
Net salaries	5,214,330	5,347,052
Taxes and contributions <i>from and on</i> salary /i/	4,745,072	5,038,971
	<b>9,959,402</b>	<b>10,386,023</b>

/i/ Taxes and contributions *from and on* salaries are included in defined pension contributions to mandatory pension funds in Croatia. They are determined at a percentage of the gross salary.

7. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION

(in HRK)	2016	2015
Amortisation (Note 14)	-	928
Depreciation (Note 15)	97,814	136,939
	<b>97,814</b>	<b>137,867</b>

8. OTHER EXPENSES

(in HRK)	2016	2015
Reimbursement of costs to employees /i/	1,066,562	1,588,459
Intellectual services /ii/	176,602	177,445
Accrued expenses for severance payments	-	225,885
Entertainment	582,618	414,390
Supervisory board (gross fees)	160,255	166,016
Contributions and municipal levies	116,983	137,491
Bank charges	501,972	434,632
Depository services and broker commission	202,554	201,691
Insurance	101,116	103,861
Account receivables write off	10,503	13,313
Net tangible assets	211	1,086
Donations	4,768	43,436
Other expenses /iii/	372,058	474,878
	<b>3,296,202</b>	<b>3,982,583</b>

/i/ Reimbursement of costs to employees comprise: allowances, benefits of using private cars for official purposes, the cost of transportation to work, termination benefits, jubilee awards and supports.



## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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Furthermore, the amount of accrued employees' gross salaries, which in accordance with the provisions of the signed Employment contracts are entitled to compensation on the basis of the collected insurance premiums upon expiry of the insurance period, was reported under other substantive rights of employees (Note 4).

/ii/ In the reported amount the audit of financial statements constitutes 71% of the costs.

/iii/ Other expenses are composed of membership fees in the amount of HRK 160,921, legal and notary fees and dues in the amount of HRK 48,661, scholarships in the amount of HRK 57,000, costs of submission of the financial reports in the amount of HRK 74,713 and the remainder in the amount of HRK 30,763.

#### 9. FINANCIAL INCOME

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Interest income within the Group	9,389,209	3,965,874
Other interest income	125,668	113,996
Foreign exchange gains within the Group	34,234,102	22,211,187
Foreign exchange gains	5,592,563	5,900,575
Dividend income	286	884
	<b>49,341,828</b>	<b>32,192,516</b>

#### 10. FINANCIAL EXPENSE

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Interest expense within the Group	9,360,881	4,373,771
Interest expense	3,206,616	3,773,767
Foreign exchange losses within the Group	12,281,404	6,053,321
Foreign exchange losses	22,747,749	3,210,698
	<b>47,596,650</b>	<b>17,411,557</b>

## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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#### 11. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The reconciliation between the accounting profit and taxable profit of the Parent company is provided in the table below:

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>(Loss) / Profit before taxation</b>	<b>(16,408,060)</b>	<b>568,584</b>
Effect of tax disallowable expenses	54,846	285,258
Effect of non-taxable profit	(77,933)	(160,887)
<b>Tax loss for the year</b>	<b>(16,431,147)</b>	<b>692,955</b>
Tax losses brought forward	-	(579,117)
<b>(Tax loss) / Taxable profit for the year</b>	<b>(16,431,147)</b>	<b>113,838</b>
Tax rate	20.00%	20.00%
<b>Tax liability for the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22,768</b>

#### 12. TONNAGE TAX

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>Total annual tonnage tax liability</b>	<b>309,926</b>	<b>309,926</b>
The amount of tonnage tax paid abroad	-	-
<b>Annual tonnage tax liability</b>	<b>309,926</b>	<b>309,926</b>

/i/ In 2016, as well as in 2015, the tonnage tax liability of the vessels is determined by the Resolution of the Croatian Ministry of Finance issued on 14 April 2014, in accordance with the provisions of the Maritime Act and its conditions which the parent company Uljanik Plovidba d.d. have fulfilled.

#### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share in the amount of HRK 15.27 (2015: earnings in the amount of HRK 42.96) have been determined on the basis of the Company's profit in the amount of HRK 8,257,567 (2015: earnings in the amount of HRK 23,209,008) and the weighted average of ordinary shares, reduced for treasury shares, that was 541.058 (2015: 540.306).

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>PURCHASE VALUE</b>	
<b>At 31 December 2014</b>	<b>171,078</b>
Additions	-
Retirements, disposals and other	-
	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>171,078</b>
Additions	-
Retirements, disposals and other	-
	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>	<b>171,078</b>
	<hr/>
<b>ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION</b>	
<b>At 31 December 2014</b>	<b>170,150</b>
Amortisation	928
	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>171,078</b>
Amortisation	-
	<hr/>
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>	<b>171,078</b>
	<hr/>
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>	
At 31 December 2016	-
At 31 December 2015	-
	<hr/>
	<hr/>

Intangible assets consist of investments in software.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(in HRK)	Building	Plant and equipment	Assets in course of construction	Total
<b>Cost</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2014</b>	<b>5,186,578</b>	<b>1,426,163</b>	-	<b>6,612,741</b>
Additions	-	48,643	-	48,643
Retirements, disposals and other	-	(54,545)	-	(54,545)
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>5,186,578</b>	<b>1,420,261</b>	-	<b>6,606,839</b>
Additions	-	27,127	-	27,127
Retirements, disposals and other	-	(108,520)	-	(108,520)
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>	<b>5,186,578</b>	<b>1,338,868</b>	-	<b>6,525,446</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2014</b>	<b>2,079,065</b>	<b>1,261,289</b>	-	<b>3,340,354</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	50,648	86,291	-	136,939
Retirements, disposals and other	-	(53,459)	-	(53,459)
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>2,129,713</b>	<b>1,294,121</b>	-	<b>3,423,834</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	50,648	47,166	-	97,814
Retirements, disposals and other	-	(108,309)	-	(108,309)
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>	<b>2,180,361</b>	<b>1,232,978</b>	-	<b>3,413,339</b>
<b>Net book value</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>	<b>3,006,217</b>	<b>105,890</b>	-	<b>3,112,107</b>
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>3,056,865</b>	<b>126,140</b>	-	<b>3,183,005</b>

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

16. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS

(in HRK)	Holding in %	2016	2015
<b>16.1. Investments in subsidiaries</b>			
United Shipping Services One Inc. (86,297,413 USD) /i/, /ii/	100%	618,626,112	603,374,339
Real d.o.o., Pula	100%	5,710,000	5,710,000
		<b>624,336,112</b>	<b>609,084,339</b>
<b>16.2. Investments in shares and stakes</b>			
United Shipping Adriatic Inc. (100 USD) /i/	0,0007%	717	699
Investments in Banks		8,300	8,300
Istarska autocesta d.o.o. Pula		1,679,935	1,679,935
Uljanik d.d. Pula /ii/		814,240	400,000
Other investments		10	10
		<b>2,503,202</b>	<b>2,088,944</b>
<b>16.3. Loans and deposits within the Group</b>			
Loans given abroad		332,490,535	68,445,747
Prepaid borrowing costs (fees)		1,339,186	-
		<b>333,829,721</b>	<b>68,445,747</b>
Current portion of long-term loans (Note 22)		(88,262,840)	(68,445,747)
<b>Long-term loans within the Group</b>		<b>245,566,881</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>16.4. Loans, deposits etc. given to the associated companies</b>			
		<b>1,600,000</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>16.5. Other</b>			
Deposits in Zagrebačka banka d.d. Zagreb (Note 33)		25,089,876	-
Other deposits		562,959	562,959
		<b>25,652,835</b>	<b>562,959</b>
		<b>899,659,030</b>	<b>611,736,242</b>

/i/ Investments in foreign subsidiaries are adjusted to the exchange rate for the USD, effective at the balance sheet date, and the incurred exchange differences were debited to revaluation reserves.

/ii/ In accordance with the adopted accounting policy, investments in securities are valued at fair value at the balance sheet date. Unrealized losses from investments in assets available for sale were attributed to equity as a revaluation reserve.

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**17. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES**

Long-term receivables are as follows:

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>Non-related companies and other</b>	10,393,695	10,818,464
Current portion of long-term receivables (Note 22)	<u>(68,059)</u>	<u>(68,059)</u>
<b>Long-term portion of receivables</b>	<b><u>10,325,636</u></b>	<b><u>10,750,405</u></b>

**18. RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED COMPANIES**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Due from participating interest /i/	96,775,236	94,389,314
Interest receivable	5,235,614	3,028,338
Other	<u>6,808</u>	<u>506,949</u>
	<b><u>102,017,658</u></b>	<b><u>97,924,601</u></b>

/i/ The stated receivables represent the remaining portion of the transferred retained profit from prior years which at 31 December 2016 amounts to USD 13,500,000.

**19. TRADE RECEIVABLES**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Domestic trade debtors	513,343	1,210,090
Foreign trade debtors /i/	<u>25,355,778</u>	<u>31,183,810</u>
	<b><u>25,869,121</u></b>	<b><u>32,393,900</u></b>

/i/ Foreign trade debtors include subsidiaries (Note 43).

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**20. AMOUNTS DUE FROM THE STATE AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Income tax receivable	76,573	26,573
Tonnage tax refund	34,900	49,207
VAT refund	23,994	27,852
Other receivables	19,868	7,476
	<u>155,335</u>	<u>111,108</u>

**21. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Prepayments	334,288	333,680
Receivables based on the court ruling	142,983	-
Interest receivables	28	83,079
Other receivables	20,588	4,095
	<u>497,887</u>	<u>420,854</u>

**22. SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Short-term financial assets	4,090,578	5,300,990
Plus: Current portion of long-term receivables (Note 16 and 17)	88,330,899	68,513,806
	<u>92,421,477</u>	<u>73,814,796</u>

## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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#### 23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Current account balance	11,737	63,983
Foreign account balance	11,049	747
Cash in hand	<u>4,200</u>	<u>2,928</u>
	<b><u>26,986</u></b>	<b><u>67,658</u></b>

#### 24. SHARE CAPITAL

At 31 December 2016, the share capital of the Company amounts to HRK 232,000,000 and consists of 541,058 ordinary shares, with a nominal value of HRK 400 per share, and of 38,942 treasury shares.

In the ownership structure as at 31 December 2016, small shareholders accounted for 93.29% and treasury shares accounted for 6.71%.

#### 25. CAPITAL RESERVES

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
At 31 December of the prior year	(21,677,477)	(20,477,001)
Decrease	<u>(301,753)</u>	<u>(1,200,476)</u>
At 31 December of the current year	<b><u>(21,979,230)</u></b>	<b><u>(21,677,477)</u></b>

#### 26. LEGAL RESERVES

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
At 31 December of the prior year	17,505,676	16,592,866
Increase	<u>1,160,450</u>	<u>912,810</u>
At 31 December of the current year /i/	<b><u>18,666,126</u></b>	<b><u>17,505,676</u></b>

/i/ Under Croatian law, legal reserves are formed by allocating at least 5% of the profit each year, until the total amount of the reserve together with capital gains, reaches 5% of the Company's share capital (Note 31) reaches 5% of the Company's equity. Legal reserves are non-distributable.



**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA****NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016****27. RESERVES FOR TREASURY SHARES**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
At 31 December of the prior year	36,382,812	36,382,812
Increase / Decrease	-	-
At 31 December of the current year	<b>36,382,812</b>	<b>36,382,812</b>

**28. TREASURY SHARES (DEDUCTIBLE ITEM)**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016.</b>	<b>2015.</b>
At 31 December of the prior year	(13,764,816)	(15,022,426)
Purchase of Treasury shares	(84,024)	(773,277)
Sale of Treasury shares	500,101	2,030,887
At 31 December of the current year	<b>(13,348,739)</b>	<b>(13,764,816)</b>

**29. REVALUATION RESERVES**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016.</b>	<b>2015.</b>
At 31 December of the prior year	151,298,132	91,875,255
Increase /i/	15,666,031	59,422,877
At 31 December of the current year	<b>166,964,163</b>	<b>151,298,132</b>

/i/ The increase in revaluation reserves was a consequence of investment adjustments into foreign subsidiaries in 2016 in accordance with the mean exchange rate for the USD at the end of the accounting period in the amount of HRK15,251,791 and decrease on the basis of revaluation of financial assets at fair value at the balance sheet date in the amount of HRK 414,240

**30. RETAINED PROFIT**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2017.</b>	<b>2018.</b>
At 31 December of the prior year	210,763,280	189,346,067
Increase / (Decrease) / i/	22,048,558	21,417,213
At 31 December of the current year	<b>232,811,838</b>	<b>210,763,280</b>

/i/ Increase in retained profit in the 2016 was performed by transferring of the profit from 2015, on the basis of the Decision of the Company's Assembly (Note 31).

# ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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### 31. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

In 2016, the Company generated a profit in the amount of HRK 8,257,567 (2015: profit in the amount of HRK 23,209,008).

Pursuant to the Decision of the Company's General Assembly held on 30 August 2016, the profit for 2015 in the total amount of HRK 23,209,008 was allocated as follows: the amount of HRK 22,048,558 to retained profit (Note 30), and the amount of HRK 1,160,450 in legal reserves (Note 26).

### 32. LONG-TERM PROVISIONS

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Accrued commitments to employees /i/	<u>1,794,717</u>	<u>1,855,361</u>
	<u><b>1,794,717</b></u>	<u><b>1,855,361</b></u>

/i/ The accrued commitments arise from provisions of the IAS 19. In the stated amount, according to the Company's Internal Act, gross termination benefits amount to HRK 813,986 (2015: HRK 839,317) and gross jubilee-awards amount to HRK 980,731 (2015: HRK 1,016,044). The decrease in provisions was made with parallel accounting of earlier provisions as earnings in the amount of HRK 60,644 (Note 4).

### 33. BORROWINGS, DEPOSITS ETC. WITHIN THE GROUP

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Deposits received	<u>25,089,876</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u><b>25,089,876</b></u>	<u><b>-</b></u>

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

**34. LONG TERM LIABILITIES TO BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>34.1. Long-term borrowings towards Banks</b>		
HBOR/RBA d.d. Zagreb	30,545,669	33,495,098
HBOR/RBA d.d. Zagreb	38,193,219	41,878,286
HBOR/RBA d.d. Zagreb	21,175,751	23,336,969
HBOR/RBA d.d. Zagreb /i/	269,196,448	-
	<u>359,111,087</u>	<u>98,710,353</u>
Prepaid borrowing costs within a Group	1,339,186	-
<b>34.2. Long-term borrowings towards non-financial institutions</b>		
	<u>57,604,494</u>	<u>2,757,000</u>
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 35 and 36)	(40,521,066)	(8,225,862)
Long-term borrowings	<u>377,533,701</u>	<u>93,241,491</u>

/i/ On 2th August 2016 the Club Loan Agreement has been concluded with the Zagrebačka banka d.d. Zagreb and the Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Zagreb, by which loans related to the purchase of vessels Veruda and Stoja in the Company's debt restructuring process were refinanced (Note 16.3).

Long-term loans are secured by pledge on the shares of the Company, by guarantee deposit in bank, lien on property owned by the Company, bills of exchange and promissory notes.

**34. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS, DEPOSITS, ETC.**

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Short term borrowings towards non-financial institutions	-	57,960,521
Current portion of long term borrowings (Note 34.2)	3,897,631	-
	<u>3,897,631</u>	<u>57,960,521</u>

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

**35. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Short-term financial liabilities	18,471,833	25,562,204
Plus: Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 34.1.)	<u>36,623,435</u>	<u>8,225,862</u>
	<u><b>55,095,268</b></u>	<u><b>33,788,066</b></u>

Short-term loans are secured by Company blank bills of exchange and promissory notes.

**36. TRADE PAYABLES**

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Domestic trade payables	<u>307,380</u>	<u>596,517</u>
	<u><b>307,380</b></u>	<u><b>596,517</b></u>

**37. AMOUNTS DUE TO EMPLOYEES**

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net salaries payable	379,232	380,442
Taxes and contributions from and on salary	346,873	385,246
Other amounts due to employees /i/	<u>1,764,183</u>	<u>1,665,614</u>
	<u><b>2,490,288</b></u>	<u><b>2,431,302</b></u>

/i/ Within the stated obligations, the amount of HRK 698,841 (2015.: HRK 698,723) represents the accrued obligation for the gross salary of employees deriving from premiums collected upon expiry of the insurance period (Note 8).

**38. TAXES, CONTRIBUTIONS AND OTHER DUTIES PAYABLE**

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Other	<u>4,687</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u><b>4,687</b></u>	<u><b>-</b></u>

## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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#### 39. DIVIDENDS PAYABLE

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016.</u>	<u>2015.</u>
Outstanding dividends payable	<u>2,528,594</u>	<u>2,534,798</u>
	<u><b>2,528,594</b></u>	<u><b>2,534,798</b></u>

#### 40. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

<u>(in HRK)</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Interest	5,397,275	1,677,867
Supervisory Board (gross)	12,252	26,900
Other	<u>43,646</u>	<u>97,875</u>
	<u><b>5,453,173</b></u>	<u><b>1,802,642</b></u>

#### 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

##### 41.1. *Financial risk factors*

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that include: the market risk (including the currency, interest rate and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Overall risk management is carried out by the Finance Department and the Management Board of the Company.

##### */i/ Currency and interest rate risk*

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments may change due to fluctuations in the exchange rates. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various foreign exchange rates primarily tied to the US dollar (USD) and the Euro (EUR). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and from recognized assets and liabilities. Currently valid policies of the Company do not include active hedging.

The majority of income from sales of services abroad and from long-term and short-term debt is denominated in US dollars or Euros. Therefore, fluctuations in exchange rates between the US dollar and the Euro and HRK may have an impact on future operating results and cash flows.

On 31 December 2016, if the US dollar weakened/strengthened by 1% against the HRK, under the assumption that all other variables remained constant, profit after tax for the reporting period would be HRK 8,092,860 higher(lower), mainly as the result of foreign exchange gains/ (losses) arising from the translation of borrowings and foreign currency cash funds.

On 31 December 2016, if the Euro weakened/strengthened by 1% against the HRK, under the assumption that all other variables remained constant, profit after tax for the reporting period would be

## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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HRK 589,943 higher(lower), mainly as the result of foreign exchange gains/ (losses) arising from the translation of borrowings and foreign currency cash funds.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will change due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk in cash flows is the risk that the cost of interest on financial instruments will fluctuate over the reporting period.

#### */ii/ Credit risk*

Credit risk is the risk of failure of a party to a financial instrument to fulfil its obligation, which could cause a financial loss to the other side. The maximum exposure to credit risk is shown in the value of each financial asset in the balance sheet. The main financial assets of the Company consist of cash and balances on accounts with banks, trade receivables and other receivables and investments.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited, because the other side is usually represented by banks that have high credit ratings with international agencies. The credit risk of the Company is primarily attributable to its trade receivables, however it is limited due to the fact that most of the receivables from customers abroad represent receivables from its subsidiaries.

Management believes that no additional credit risk exists that could affect the provisions for impairment of trade and other receivables.

#### */iii/ Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk, which is considered a funding risk, is the risk posed by difficulties that the Company may encounter in raising funds to meet its commitments associated with financial instruments. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining of sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to meet all obligations. The finance department regularly monitors available cash resources.

The table below shows the expected cash flows of the Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contracted maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Trade payables and other liabilities do not include taxes, payables to employees and advances.

(in HRK)	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
<b>At 31 December 2016</b>					
Accounts payable and other liabilities	8,258,261	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	-	58,992,899	-	80,381,956	326,703,776
<b>Total liabilities (contractual maturities)</b>	<b>8,258,261</b>	<b>58,992,899</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>80,381,956</b>	<b>326,703,776</b>
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>					
Accounts payable and other liabilities	4,830,462	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	348,153	33,788,066	36,000,000	93,241,491	26,489,523
<b>Total liabilities (contractual maturities)</b>	<b>5,178,615</b>	<b>33,788,066</b>	<b>36,000,000</b>	<b>93,241,491</b>	<b>26,489,523</b>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

*/iv/ Management of capital*

The Company monitors capital in accordance with the laws and regulations of the Republic of Croatia that require a minimum paid up capital of HRK 200,000 for joint stock companies.

The primary objective of the Company's management of capital is to support the business and maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital and makes adjustments in light of the changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payments to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015.

**41.2. Fair value estimates**

Management's estimates of fair value of the financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet are as follows:

(in HRK)	Note	2016	
		Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets	16	899,659,030	899,659,030
Long-term receivables	17	10,325,636	10,325,636
Receivables from subsidiaries	18	102,017,658	102,017,658
Trade receivables and other receivables	19,20,21,23	26,549,329	26,549,329
Other short-term financial assets	22	92,421,477	92,421,477
Liabilities from debt on which are calculated interests	33,34,35,36	461,616,476	461,616,476
Trade payables and other liabilities	37,38,39,40,41	<u>10,925,699</u>	<u>10,925,699</u>

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities is based on the quoted market price at the balance sheet date, if it is available. Where the market price is not available, the Company estimates fair value based on publicly available information from external sources or on the basis of the discounted cash flow method, where applicable.

For receivables and payables whose maturity is less than one year it is deemed that their value reflects the fair value. All other receivables and payables are discounted to determine the fair value.

**42. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE ENTITIES WITHIN THE GROUP**

Within the ordinary course of business the Company carries out operations in cooperation with the affiliated companies of the Group United Shipping Services One and Real d.o.o. Pula. Management services are charged in accordance with the applicable contract concluded with the subsidiary company Uljanik Shipmanagement Pte. Ltd and Uljanik Tanker Management Pte. Ltd.

## ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

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Transactions between the Company and the affiliated companies included in the profit and loss account during the year were as follows:

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>Sales revenue:</b>		
Income from management and other services (Note 3)	<u>19,758,129</u>	<u>23,251,167</u>
<b>Other operating costs</b>		
Entertainment costs (Note 8)	55,000	91,890
Travel costs (Note 8)	<u>653,353</u>	<u>1,205,733</u>
	<b>708,353</b>	<b>1,297,623</b>
<b>Financial income:</b>		
Income from interests accrued to subsidiaries (Note 9)	<u>9,389,209</u>	<u>3,965,874</u>

The year-end balances arising from these transactions were as follows:

<b>(in HRK)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>Investments in subsidiaries within the Group</b>		
United Shipping Services One Inc. (Note 16.1)	618,626,112	603,374,339
Real d.o.o. Pula (Note 16.1)	<u>5,710,000</u>	<u>5,710,000</u>
	<b>624,336,112</b>	<b>609,084,339</b>
<b>Receivables from regular operations with the entities within the Group</b>		
Loans (Note 16.3.)	332,490,535	68,445,747
Deposits (Note 16.5.)	25,089,876	-
Receivables for capitalized borrowing costs (Note 16)	1,339,186	-
Foreign trade debtors (Note 19)	25,199,683	31,183,810
Receivables from entities within the Group (Note 18)	102,010,850	97,924,601
Short-term financial assets (Note 22)	<u>82,805</u>	<u>66,372</u>
	<b>486,212,935</b>	<b>197,620,530</b>

#### 43. KEY MANAGEMENT

Company's key management includes the executive management which consists of the director, assistant director, two fleet managers, purchase manager, travel agency manager and personnel manager.

Total amount of fees paid to the key management for the year 2016 amounts to HRK 3,799,995 (2015.: HRK 4,567,836).

During the year, the Supervisory Board received fees in the amount of HRK 160,255 (2015.: HRK 160,016).



**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**44. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates are, by definition, seldom equal to the actual results. Estimates and assumptions that could represent a significant risk of adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are given below.

*a) Significant accounting estimates and sources of estimates*

*Income tax*

The income tax calculation has been prepared on the basis of the current interpretation of applicable laws and regulations. The calculations serving as the basis for the income tax are subject to tax audit reviews by tax authorities.

*Impairment of receivables*

Receivables are assessed for impairment at each balance sheet date and during the year and reduced by the estimated amount of doubtful receivables. Each debtor is reviewed by reference to its status, the overdue receivables and the stage of litigation if any.

*b) Significant accounting judgments used in the application of accounting standards*

In addition to the accrued commitments to employees as disclosed in Note 32, the management is of the opinion that no other significant judgments should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

**46. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

On 7th February 2017 two Singapore sister-companies, Uljanik Tanker management Pte.Ltd. and Uljanik Shipmanagement Pte. Ltd, which are members of the Group Uljanik Plovidba were merged, from which day the mentioned companies are operating under the name of „Uljanik Shipmanagement“ Pte. Ltd.

**47. PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements set out on the preceding pages were prepared and authorized for issue by the management of the Company on 31 March 2017.

**ULJANIK PLOVIDBA D.D., PULA**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**48. AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements of the Company for the year 2016 were audited by the audit firm REVIDAS d.o.o., Vukovarska 47, Pula.

For **ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d.** Pula:

Dragutin Payletić, director  


## MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR THE PERIOD 01-12/2016

ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. (the Company) with its registered office in Pula, Carrarina 6, Personal identification number (OIB): 49693360447 and Tax number: 3292754, is a joint stock company registered at the Commercial Court in Pazin. The share capital of the Company amounts to 232,000,000 HRK, and is divided into 580,000 ordinary shares. The Company's shares are listed on the Official Market of the Zagreb Stock Exchange, under the symbol ULPL-R-A, and represent one of the CROBEX index components. The consolidated financial statements of the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA for the period 1 January to 31 December 2016 represent financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. The principal activity of the Company is an international maritime transport in the dry cargo sector with Supramax bulk carriers and transportation of petroleum products, chemicals and oil with MR tankers.

At the end of the reporting period the fleet consists of four MR tankers and three Supramax bulk carriers with an average age of 5 years. In addition, the company performs management services for third party customers for several vessels.

Bodies of the Company are the General Assembly, the Supervisory Board and Management Board. The members of the Supervisory Board are: Amra Pende, the president, Anton Brajković and Robert Banko, the members. The Management Board represents Dragutin Pavletić, the director of the Company. During 2016 there were no changes of members of the Supervisory Board, nor of the Management Board.

The consolidated financial statements have been presented in HRK and prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The business activity of the Company and its foreign subsidiaries in 2016 was regular, with full employment of vessels and high functioning management system. In 2016 trends in dry cargo sector have been characterized by a continuous decline in freight rates and values of the vessels in the first part of the year, on all routes and for all types of vessels and by recovery of the market especially in the last quarter of the year as a consequence of:

- increased activity on disposal (scrapping) of vessels
- reduction in contracting newbuildings and postponement of delivery of already built vessels;
- increased number of laid up vessels;
- reduction in shipbuilding capacity.

In the petroleum products, oils and chemicals transportation sector the observed period can be assessed as stable with stable freight rates in the first three quarters but with a negative trend in the last quarter of the year. Negative developments in the past few months have been caused by decreased disposal of the vessels and by increased number of newly built tankers.

## D I R E C T O R

By involvement of two tankers in the spot market the Company achieved a significantly better net result for the whole year.

Trends in the global shipping market indicate strong growth in the segment of dry cargo transportation, starting from February 2017. Although the inclusion of a large number of already built bulk carriers is expected in the first quarter of this year, I expect that increase of freight rates will still be significant, as a result of increased market activity and reduced number of newly contracted vessels. In the tanker transportation sector the market recovery is expected in the second quarter of this year, as a result of increased demand and reduced number of newly built/contracted tankers.

In the year 2016 the Company:

- a) achieved a consolidated positive EBITDA for the Group of 71.5 mil HRK,
- b) generated consolidated net loss of 43.5 mil HRK as a direct effect of the net financial expenses (47.2 mil HRK)
- c) realized a reduction of the total income as a direct result of the lower number of vessels in the fleet, low freight rates in the bulk sector, dry docking of three vessels (Pomer, Levan, Kastav), and the replacement of the exhaust gas boiler on m/t Kastav. Total income was positively influenced by results of the tanker fleet, as a result of operating on the spot market,
- d) retained total operating costs of the vessels with increasing costs related to the dry docking of three vessels, as well as replacement of the exhaust gas boiler on m/t Kastav,
- e) achieved constant employment of vessels with the continuation of the Company's fleet high efficiency trend,
- f) retained the proper solvency and liquidity,
- g) decreased its overall credit exposure and fulfilled all its loan payment obligations. In 2016 the Company repaid loans in a total of 10.7 mil USD,
- h) proceeded with full implementation of the safety and quality system on the vessels and in the office, with continuous increase in the quality and expertise of the employees and maintenance of a high level of professionalism
- i) maintained high efficiency of vessels' management with a further increase in the number of vessels in third party management,
- j) collected 100% of contracted freights from the Charterers of all vessels with their full performance.

A review of the functions in the Company is given below:

## 1. COMMERCIAL ASPECT

The consolidated operating revenues for the reporting period of 184 mil HRK compared to 230 mil HRK in the same period of 2015 have been under direct impact of the low freight rates in the dry cargo sector and lower number of vessels (bulklers). The operating result was influenced negatively by costs of regular dry docking of the vessels Pomer and Levan, the extraordinary dry docking of m/t Kastav and by additional off-hire period due to replacement of the boiler on the same vessel.

## **2. PERSONNEL**

As at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016 the Company had 33 employees.

## **3. TECHNICAL ASPECT**

In the year 2016 product tanker Pomer underwent regular dry docking in Singapore while bulk carrier Levan underwent regular dry docking in China. In addition, the complete replacement of the exhaust gas boiler took place on board of m/t Kastav, which lasted two weeks. At the end of the year m/t Kastav underwent an extraordinary dry docking in Hamburg because of a stern tube leakage. We especially emphasize that increased wear-out of the cylinder liners on the main engines occur due to the frequent use of marine diesel oil in protected (ECA) areas. The company keeps maintaining high efficiency of vessel exploitation with all vessels in the fleet.

## **4. ACQUISITION OF TREASURY SHARES**

In the period January – December 2016 the Company acquired treasury shares in accordance with art. 233, section 3 of the Companies Act. The company acquired treasury shares in the amount of 84.0 thousand HRK and disposed of treasury shares in the amount of 500.1 thousand HRK.

## **5. IMPORTANT EVENTS IN 2016**

On 2<sup>nd</sup> July 2016 the Company took over the management of the vessel Valovine - the bulk cargo carrier.

On 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2016, in accordance with the Risk sharing model, the Company concluded a syndicated loan with Zagrebačka Banka / Croatian Bank for Reconstruction and Development, in the amount of 39 mil USD. With this loan the Company refinanced the loans related to the purchase of bulk carriers Veruda and Stoja, built in the Uljanik Shipyard in 2011 and 2012. By said loan the previous creditors of those vessels: Zagrebačka banka, ABN-Amro bank and Credit Suisse have been fully repaid. The loan was granted with a repayment period of 10 years. By concluding this agreement a comprehensive process of restructuring the loan debt of the Company has been completed.

On 30<sup>th</sup> August 2016 the General Assembly of the Company was held which passed the resolution on the sharing of profit/loss for the year 2015. According to the same resolution, the profit of HRK 23,209,008.36 to be allocated as follows: HRK 1,160,450.41 to legal reserves and HRK 22,048,557.95 to retained profit.

On 19<sup>th</sup> December 2016 the Company concluded a Cooperation Agreement with the company ETCA Caspian Limited with headquarters in Larnaca, Cyprus, specialized in development of projects in the field of transportation of oil, oil products and gas, in order to

**DIRECTOR**

establish a joint company intended for maritime transport and management of gas carriers and gas storage vessels. The process of establishing a joint specialized company for the activities related to the gas project is currently in progress.

**6. IMPORTANT EVENTS IN 2017**

In February 2017 after five years of operation, the bulk carrier *Stoja* underwent the first regular dry docking in China.

In February 2017, in order to achieve operating economies and synergy benefits, ULJANIK SHIPMANAGEMENT PTE. LTD. and ULJANIK TANKER MANAGEMENT PTE. LTD., two sister companies of the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA with headquarters in Singapore, amalgamated and continued their operations as one company under the name of ULJANIK SHIPMANAGEMENT PTE. LTD.

**6. COMPANY GROWTH**

The Strategy of development of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. until the year 2030 envisages the continuation of the primary maritime activity in two sectors, transport of dry cargo (supramax) and transport of petroleum products and chemicals (product carriers).

The Company intends to continue participating on the new and second hand vessel market with the purpose to optimise its fleet and fleet efficiency. Even though its principal business will continue to be operation and management of its own fleet, the development of the Company shall also be aimed at ship management for other ship owners including the gas sector business.

**7. COMPANY ACTIVITIES CONCERNING RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

Within its shipping and ship management operations, the Company continuously engages in research which is primarily connected with the introduction of new technical solutions and technologies related to vessel exploitation. Special attention is focused on technical solutions that enable further savings in fuel consumption, reduce pollution and protect the environment. On the other hand, with a socially responsible business, through investing in the community, care and welfare of employees and their education, the Company's aim is to contribute to the continued economic and social development.

**8. BUSINESS RISKS**

It is well known that the principal activities that the Company engages in, i.e. international maritime transport and ship management are among the most risky activities and that they are directly connected with significant business risks, of which the currently most risky are:

- global economic trends;
- the risk of interest rate increase;

DIRECTOR

- the volatility of USD exchange rate in relation to other currencies;
- significant oscillations in the value of ships;
- the risk of strict conditions of business operation;
- long and uncertain period of return on capital;
- fluctuation in the basic costs of business operation;
- workforce fluctuation.

## 9. CORPORATE MANAGEMENT CODE

The Company fully complies with its Corporate Governance Code.

Pula, 31<sup>th</sup> March 2017



Dragutin Pavletić, Director

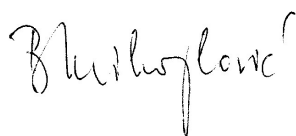
## **STATEMENT OF THE PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR PREPARING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

According to the best of our knowledge:

Audited financial reports of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. for the period January – December 2016, have been prepared according to International Financial Reporting Standards and they provide an complete and true presentation of assets, liabilities, profit and loss, financial position and business activities of the Company.

The Management Report for the period January – December 2016 contains a true presentation of the development, operating results and the financial position of the Parent Company and the companies included in the consolidation as well as the description of major risks and uncertainties the Parent Company and the companies included in the consolidation are exposed to.

Accounting Manager



Bojana Mihajlović

Director



Dragutin Pavletić

Pula, 29<sup>th</sup> April, 2017



In accordance with the provisions of Article 300c and Article 300d of the Companies Act (Official Gazette, Number 111/93, 34/99, 121/99, 52/00, 118/03, 107/07, 146/08, 137/09, 125/11, 152/11, 111/12, 68/13 and 110/15) and Article 37 of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d.'s Articles of Association, the Supervisory Board of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA Maritime Transport, a joint-stock company of Pula, Carrarina 6, at the meeting held on the 26th of April 2017 passed the following

**RESOLUTION**  
**on approval of annual financial statements**

- I. Approval is given to the revised non-consolidated and consolidated annual financial statements of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. and the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA for the year 2016 consisting of the following: Income statement with comprehensive income, Balance sheet, Statement of changes in equity, Cash flow statement, Notes to the financial statements.
- II. Approval is given to the Report of the independent auditor REVIDAS revizija i konzalting d.o.o. on the performed audit of non-consolidated and consolidated annual financial statements of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. and the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA for the year 2016.
- III. Approval is given to the Management report on ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. and the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA status for the year 2016.
- IV. The approved Income statement of the company ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. for the year 2016 ascertains the following

	2016	2015
TOTAL INCOME	70,577,065.02	56,303,815.95
TOTAL EXPENSES	62,009,572.51	32,762,114.20
PROFIT	8,567,492.51	23,541,701.75
TAX	309,925.88	332,693.39
NET PROFIT	8,257,566.63	23,209,008.36

- V. The approved Income statement of the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA for the year 2016 ascertains the following

	2016	2015
TOTAL INCOME	225,097,197.00	260,118,543.00
TOTAL EXPENSES	279,657,424.00	735,359,255.00
LOSS	-54,560,227.00	-475,240,712.00
TAX	430,943.00	332,694.00
LOSS OF MINORITY INTEREST	-11,422,708.00	-9,133,888.00
NET LOSS	-43,568,462.00	-466,439,518.00

- VI. By being approved in accordance with the previous Items of this Resolution, the revised non-consolidated and consolidated annual financial statements of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. and the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA for the year 2016 are considered to be approved both by the Management Board and the Supervisory Board in accordance with the Article 300d of the Companies Act.
- VII. It is proposed to the General Meeting of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. to pass a resolution on approval of the Management report on ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. and the Group ULJANIK PLOVIDBA status for the year 2016.

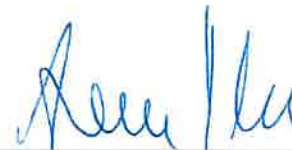
A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Amra Pende', written over a horizontal line.

President of the Supervisory Board  
Amra Pende

In accordance with Article 263 Paragraph 3 and Article 280 Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act (Official Gazette, Number 111/93, 34/99, 121/99, 52/00, 118/03, 107/07, 146/08, 137/09, 125/11, 152/11, 111/12, 68/13 and 110/15) and Article 37 of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d.'s Articles of Association, the Supervisory Board of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA Maritime Transport, a joint-stock company of Pula, Carrarina 6, at the meeting held on the 26th of April 2017 passed the following

**RESOLUTION**  
**on profit distribution proposal**

- I. Approval is given to the proposal for distribution of profit realized in 2016 passed by the Director of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. on March 31, 2017.
- II. It is proposed to the General Meeting of ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. to pass a resolution on distribution of profit realized in 2016 according to which the profit of the company ULJANIK PLOVIDBA d.d. realized in 2016 in the amount of HRK 8,257,566.63 shall be distributed as follows:
  - HRK 412,878.33 to the Company's legal reserves,
  - HRK 7,844,688.30 to the Company's retained profits.



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President of the Supervisory Board  
Amra Pende